

# Package ‘RoundAndRound’

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**Title** Plot Objects Moving in Orbits

**Version** 0.0.1

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**Description** Visualize the objects in orbits in 2D and 3D. The packages is under developing to plot the orbits of objects in polar coordinate system. See the examples in demo.

**Depends** R (>= 3.0.0)

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 6.1.1

**Imports** geometry, methods, graphics, rgl

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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ab2c	<i>Calculate c in Focus (c, 0)</i>
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### Description

Calculate c in Focus (c, 0)

### Usage

```
ab2c(a = 1, ab)
```

### Arguments

a	Semi-major (Ellipse) or Radium (Ring).
ab	Semi-major over semi-minor. ab=1 for a Ring.

### Value

c in Focus (c, 0)

### Examples

```
x1=PCS2CCS(a=10, ab=1.5)
x2=PCS2CCS(a=9, ab=1.2)
c1 = ab2c(a=10, ab=1.5)
c2 = ab2c(a=9, ab=1.2)
plot(x1, type='n', xlim=c(-10,10), ylim=c(-10,10), asp=1)
abline(h=0, v=0, asp=1, lty=2)
lines(x1, col=2);
points(c1, 0, col=2)
lines(x2, col=3);
points(c2, 0, col=3)
```

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Arrow.pcs	<i>Add arrows in Polar Coordinate System</i>
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### Description

Add arrows in Polar Coordinate System

### Usage

```
Arrow.pcs(theta, r1 = 0, r2 = 1e+06, o1 = c(0, 0), o2 = o1,
ab1 = 1, ab2 = ab1, ...)
```

**Arguments**

theta	Angle in polar coordinate system
r1, r2	Radius of start and end points of the arrow.
o1, o2	Origin
ab1, ab2	Semi-major over semi-minor. ab=1 for a Ring.
...	More options for graphics::arrows function.

**Examples**

```
x1=PCS2CCS(a=10, ab=1.5)
c1 = ab2c(a=10, ab=1.5)
plot(x1, type='n', xlim=c(-10,10), ylim=c(-10,10), asp=1)
abline(h=0, v=0, asp=1, lty=2)
graphics::lines(x1, col=2);
points(c1, 0, col=2) # focus
Arrow.pcs(theta = 1:12 * 30, r1=0, r2=10, ab1=1.5, length=.1, col=2, o1 = c(c1,0), o2=c(0,0))
```

**Description**

Plot 3D Arrow axis. Arrow3D

**Usage**

```
Arrow3D(len = 10, orig = c(0, 0, 0), cols = c(2:4), ...)
```

**Arguments**

len	Length of the arrow.
orig	Origin of the axis.
cols	Colors of axis.
...	More options of arrow3d().

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d2r	<i>Degree to Radian</i>
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**Description**

Degree to Radian

**Usage**

d2r(x)

**Arguments**

x	Degree
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**Value**

Radian

**Examples**

```
r = (1:100)/100 * 4 * pi
d = r2d(r)
rr = d2r(d)
plot(d, sin(rr));
abline(h=0 )
abline(v = 360)
```

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FactSheet	<i>This is data to be included in my package</i>
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**Description**

This is data to be included in my package

<code>Orbit.location</code>	<i>Calculate location of a planet Orbit.location</i>
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### Description

Calculate location of a planet `Orbit.location`

### Usage

```
Orbit.location(t, p.orb, a = 1, theta = 0, orig = c(0, 0), ab = 1)
```

### Arguments

<code>t</code>	Time (day).
<code>p.orb</code>	Period of the orbit.
<code>a</code>	Radius or Semi-major of the orbit.
<code>theta</code>	angle in PCS.
<code>orig</code>	Reference origin.
<code>ab</code>	Semi-major over semi-minor. ab=1 for a Ring.

### Value

(x,y) in Cartesian Coordinate System.

### Examples

```
tday = seq(0, 365, 30)
x=Orbit.location(t=tday, p.orb = 365, a=10)
plot(PCS2CCS(0:360, a=10), type='l')
plotplanet(orig=x, rad = .51)
grid()
```

<code>orbit.parameter</code>	<i>Give the orbit the parameter</i>
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### Description

Give the orbit the parameter

### Usage

```
orbit.parameter(a, b = NULL, ab = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

a	Semi-major axis
b	Semi-minor axis
ab	Semi-major over semi-minor. ab=1 for a Ring.

**Examples**

```
orbit.parameter(a=1, b=1.5)
```

PCS2CCS

*Convert Polar Coordinate System to Cartesian Coordinate System.***Description**

Convert Polar Coordinate System to Cartesian Coordinate System.

**Usage**

```
PCS2CCS(theta = 0:360, a = 1, ab = 1, orig = c(0, 0),
          rotation = 0, clockwise = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

theta	angle in PCS.
a	Semi-major (Ellipse) or Radium (Ring).
ab	Semi-major over semi-minor. ab=1 for a Ring.
orig	Reference origin. Default = c(0, 0)
rotation	Rotation of the theta=0
clockwise	Whether clockwise, Default = FALSE

**Value**

(x,y) in Cartesian Coordinate System.

**Examples**

```
x1=PCS2CCS(a=10, ab=1.5)
x2=PCS2CCS(a=9, ab=1.2)
c1 = ab2c(a=10, ab=1.5)
c2 = ab2c(a=9, ab=1.2)

plot(x1, type='n', xlim=c(-10,10), ylim=c(-10,10), asp=1)
abline(h=0, v=0, asp=1, lty=2)
lines(x1, col=2);
points(c1, 0, col=2)
```

```

lines(x2, col=3);
points(c2, 0, col=3)

# Test 2
x1=PCS2CCS(a=10, ab=1.5, clockwise = FALSE, rotation=0);
x2=PCS2CCS(a=8, ab=1.5, clockwise = FALSE, rotation=45);
plot(x1, asp=1, col=terrain.colors(nrow(x1)), pch=19)
points(x2, asp=1, col=terrain.colors(nrow(x1)))

```

**plotpcs***Plot in polar coordinate system***Description**

Plot in polar coordinate system

**Usage**

```
plotpcs(theta, a, ab = 1, orig = c(0, 0), fun = graphics::plot, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>theta</code>	Angle in polar coordinate system
<code>a</code>	Radius of start and end points of the arrow.
<code>ab</code>	Semi-major over semi-minor. <code>ab=1</code> for a Ring.
<code>orig</code>	Origin
<code>fun</code>	Plot function. default = <code>plot</code>
<code>...</code>	More options in plot function

**Examples**

```

n=50
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plotpcs(theta = 1:n * 15, a=1:n/10, ab=1, type='l', asp=1)
plotpcs(theta = 1:n * 10, a=1:n/10, ab=1, type='l', asp=1)
xy = PCS2CCS(theta = 1:n * 10, a=1:n/10, ab=1)
xy[,1]=xy[,1]+1
points(xy, pch=19, col=terrain.colors(nrow(xy)))

```

**plotplanet***Plot a planet***Description**

Plot a planet

**Usage**

```
plotplanet(orig = c(0, 0), rad = 1, theta = 0,
           fun = graphics::lines, cols = "gray", ab = 1, arrow = TRUE,
           arrow.len = 0.1, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>orig</code>	Origin
<code>rad</code>	Radius of the planet
<code>theta</code>	Angle of the Arrow inside of the planet
<code>fun</code>	Function to plot the planet
<code>cols</code>	Color of planet and arrow.
<code>ab</code>	Semi-major over semi-minor. ab=1 for the planet
<code>arrow</code>	Whether plot the arrow.
<code>arrow.len</code>	Length in arrow function.
<code>...</code>	More options in plot function.

**Examples**

```
a = 10;
ab=1.5
x1=PCS2CCS(a=a, ab=ab)
c1 = ab2c(a=a, ab=ab)
plot(x1, type='l', xlim=c(-10,10), ylim=c(-10,10), asp=1, col='gray')
Arrow.pcs(theta = 1:12 * 30, r1=0, r2=a, ab1=ab, length=.1, col=2, o1 = c(c1,0), o2=c(0,0))
pos = PCS2CCS(theta = 1:12 * 30, a=a, ab=ab)
plotplanet(orig = pos, arrow.len=0.1)
```

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r2d

*Radian to degree*

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**Description**

Radian to degree

**Usage**

r2d(x)

**Arguments**

x Radian

**Value**

Degree

**Examples**

```
r = (1:100)/100 * 4 * pi
d = r2d(r)
rr = d2r(d)
plot(d, sin(rr));
abline(h=0 )
abline(v = 360)
```

---

SpaceObject-class

*Class of planet SpaceObject*

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**Description**

Class of planet SpaceObject

**Value**

Class of SpaceObject

**Slots**

shape Ploting function of the shape

radius Radius for sphere

Period.Rotate data.frame 1\*3 c(Period.Rotate, Period.Orbit, Period.Synodic)

**SpaceOrbit-class**      *Class of Orbit Orbit*

### Description

Class of Orbit Orbit

### Value

Class of SpaceOrbit

### Slots

ab Shape of the object, ab=1 Sphere, ab!=1 Ellipsoid  
e eccentric of the orbit  
radius Radius for sphere (ab=1), or Semi-major axis for Ellipsoid (ab!=1)  
period data.frame 1\*3 c(Period.Rotate, Period.Orbit, Period.Synodic)  
Inclination Inclination.  
CenterObject Central Object.

**Status.planet**      *Calculate the status of planet Status.planet*

### Description

Calculate the status of planet Status.planet

### Usage

```
Status.planet(t, p.orb, ab = 1, r.orb = 1, orig = c(0, 0))
```

### Arguments

t	Time (day).
p.orb	Orbital Period.
ab	Semi-major over semi-minor. ab=1 for a Ring.
r.orb	Radius of the orbit.
orig	Reference origin.

### Value

(x,y) in Cartesian Coordinate System.

**Examples**

```
tday = seq(0, 365, 30)
x=Status.planet(t=tday, p.orb = 365, r.orb=10)
plot(PCS2CCS(0:360, a=10), type='l')
plotplanet(orig=x[,-1], rad = .51)
grid()
```

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